LONG LEGAL COMBAT ON

All Day Argument Trust Co., garnishee, for \$350 with interest on a note. In this case the note **Only Starts** Fight.

All day long yesterday eloquence arising in Judge Gear's courtroom filled the Judiciary building and was at times plainly audible outside for some distance. It was argument on demurrers to the petition of J. S. Low, as next friend of Annie T. K. Parker, a minor, for the removal of Alfred W. Carter from the office of guardian of said

J. J. Dunne, who demurred on behalf of Mrs. Elizabeth Knight, the minor's mother, opened the attack. S. H. Derby of Kinney, McClanahan & Cooper, who demurred on behalf of the guardian, rose to follow Mr. Dunne, but a legal friend whispering to him something to the effect that time about was fair play he reserved his thunder. Arthur A. Wilder and A. F. Judd were also ranged at the guardian's end of the

Besides arguing against the form of the proceeding, which he claimed was irregular in caption as otherwise for its intended purpose, Mr. Dunne contended strongly that the petition was utterly barren of facts and contained to say anything more about the renothing but conclusions of law. In sponsible men who were its directors short, his argument was that no reasons were given for the removal of the guardian. As to the charge of exorbidian's compensation was not limited to statutory commissions, while he pointed out that the commissions Mr. Carter drew were not in excess of what the statute allowed. The books were also quoted to show that the guardian five o'clock. At five o'clock the reporthad a right to appoint his brother, F. er called and found the party looking Northwestern ports, ought to be in-W. Carter, as agent and practical manager of the Parker Ranch in which, as often reported, the minor owns a half interest. Another contention was said: against the right of Mr. Low to sue as door if you like but I don't know if I next friend of the minor, they being not nearer than of the eighth degree of consanguinity toward each other. "Mr. Low," as the attorney put it, "was enough of a stranger to the minor to marry her."

Dunne, in his remarks on comhad pensation, mentioned that he fought out the matter in the 14th Hawalian. Judge Gear having asked in what respect he answered that he was then guardian ad litem for the same

J. Lightfoot, on rising to reply for the petitioner, stated that his part would be to produce authorities in support of the petition and against the attack just made upon it, while Mr. Magoon would follow him in a more elaborate argument on the issues. Starting with the proposition that the argument against the form of proceed- NO LOANS WITHOUT SECURITY. ing was simply the making of a dis-"between tweedledum and that the only difference between a peti- vertiser on Tuesday, gave some intertion and a motion was that the former esting points concerning the loans must be reduced to writing while the made by the concern. The reporter latter might be presented viva voce. Recess interrupted his remarks, but Mr. do in case a man had paid in \$4.40 per Lightfoot resuming at 2 p. m. spoke for an hour and twenty minutes further. He contended that there was enough in the petition to justify the court in removing the guardian upon a showing of facts which the respondent was try-

ing by demurrer to avoid. J. Alfred Magoon followed his assoclate, taking until about 4:20, when the hearing was continued until 10 o'clock this morning. His effort at the outset was to represent the tactics of guardian's counsel from the beginning as dilatory. It was absurd to claim that the petition, with the affidavits back of it, was not sufficient to bring the guardian before the court for examination as to his doings. The court if apprised of such a state of facts as alleged would be in duty bound of its own motion to take cognizance of the matter. Holding the contrary would ity, be to maintain that a guardian might plunder his ward's estate at will if a near relative did not intervene and bring him to account. It would be A Wonderful Discovery

carried on," because the person could

not be found. John F. Colburn and D. Kawananakoa entered a demurrer to the com-plaint of C. S. Holloway, Superintendent of Public Works, suing on the bond of Edward Vivian Richardson as clerk Honolulu water works,

Porter Furniture Co. is suing Kapioani Estate, Ltd., for \$635.05 with inthest on three notes of hand.

Cooll Brown is suing Kate Braymer, nee Cornwell, and Henry Waterhouse was destroyed in a fire.

H. Hackfeld & Co., Ltd., is suing Herbert B. Gehr for \$630,20 with interest on two promissory notes.

Bishop & Co. is suing H. A. Heen for \$1105.75 with interest on agreed statement of account.

Emil Klemme filed an application in the Court of Land Registration for title to a lot on the north side of Alapai street, easterly of Hotel street, having a frontage of 86 feet on Alapai street and a depth of 129 feet.

BLACKMAIL IS STRAUCH'S CRY,

Continued from Page 1.)

held the power of attorney, acted as agent here, or signed the guarantees on each \$500 contract for the "Equitable Underwriting & Trust Co.", which, for the sum of one dollar, is supposed to guarantee that for a period of ten years and five months the Co-Operative Home Furnishing Society" (run by a co-partnership consisting of E. T. Rodgers, C. H. Sedgebeer, and Fanny Strauch) will carry out its obligations to the man holding the \$500 contract. Mrs. Strauch declared that it was well known and that it was not necessary on the Coast. Strauch said he would answer that question in writing,

Strauch had the books before him showing how many members there are tant commissions he quoted a lot of in the society and how much they have authorities to the effect that a guar- paid into it and stated that these are at any time open for the inspection of a member.

The reporter had called first at the offices about 3:30 and found them filled with natives. Strauch said he was too busy then to answer questions but told the reporter he could return at over the books. The reporter asked if Strauch were ready to see him. said he was too busy then. The reporter asked if he could wait. Strauch "You can stand there at the will talk to you. You are only trying to blackmail us anyway." The reporter then entered but Strauch would answer none of the questions and said everything that had been printed was "Hot air" but that he would answer all questions in writing. Mrs. Strauch was excited and said that a newspaper that wanted to blackmall them "hot air" could not hurt them. Pointing to a small safe in the corner of the room she said that all the cash collected was in the safe and that members of the society had counted it and found it to be all right.

Earlier in the day a reporter had called at the office and asked for sample copies of the contracts of both the Co-Operative Society and the Trust Company but the clerks refused to furnish these upon learning that the man came from the Advertiser office,

P. E. R. Strauch, manager of the Co-Operative Home Purchasing Society, tweedledee," he gave citations to show in talking to a reporter of the Adasked Strauch what the Society would turn to receive a loan should come, when he came forward to receive the loan.

"If I had been alloted the loan of \$500 and I had paid in a large portion of this amount in monthly installments before receiving the loan, would I, at the time of receiving the loan, be obliged to give you security that I would repay it?"

"Certanly. It would not be good business for us to make the loan without getting the best of security," replied Strauch.

"Well suppose I had paid in my dues regularly for thirty months and at the time my loan was ready could not give you any security for it. What would Society do for me?"

"You would have to give the secursaid Strauch, "or we could not make the loan,"

A Wonderful Discovery
in the count was sufficient ground in the court was sufficient ground in itself for his removal.

SLAVE TO DRINK.

Caroline Colton was granted a displaint by Riccel, Rodan, John Connection of the count was sufficient ground in the first many description of the count was sufficient ground in the plant in the country of the connection of the country of the connection of the country of the

PROVISION FOR HAWAII AT OREGON CENTENNIAI

Act of Congress Devotes the United States Buildings In Part to Exhibit From Hawaii.

Editor Advertiser: Hawaii is given | country. an unprecedented opportunity of making an exhibit at a universal fair, by special provision in an Act of Congress authorizing the Federal Government to participate in the Lewis and Clark Oregon, next summer. Such provision is that of accommodation for a Ha-

wallan exhibit, lating to buildings, it may not be too much to expect that, with prompt action on the part of our people, an exclusively Hawalian building to cost anywhere from \$15,000 to \$25,000 might be obtained out of the Federal appropriation. If not that, at all events the site selected for the Lewis and Clark Territory of Hawaii will not be meanly Centennial Exposition for the said United States buildings, in part specihas been expended.

vided without cost, doubtlessly at the very center of the Fair, the expense of making a telling exhibit would be ly perfected plan extant from the defeated purpose of a St. Louis exhibit, with probably also some of the imperishable articles collected yet available Indeed, the magnificent educational exhibit prepared for the Louisiana Purchase Exposition is not only intact but mostly packed already for shipment. Transportation, with steamers direct to expensive.

Whatever may be said for and against the value of exhibits at great foregoing quotation shows. fairs, the affirmative in this particular case ought to have manifold force in the circumstances. Discussions, more or less desultory, arise at both ends of the line every now and again upon the question of promoting trade between Hawaii and ports on the Northwest Pacific Coast. An exposition in that quarter would afford an excellent chance for Hawaii to illustrate to busitured articles of the great Northwest

The title of the Act of Congress re ferred to, being Chapter 1253 of the statutes of 1904, reads as follows:

"An Act to authorize the Govern ment of the United States to participate in celebrating the one hundredth Centennial Exposition at Portland, anniversary of the exploration of the Oregon country by Captains Meriwether Lewis and William Clark in the years eighteen hundred and four, eighteen From the wording of the section re- hundred and five, and eighteen hundred and six, and for other purposes."

buildings:

"Sec. 4. That the Secretary of the Treasury shall cause a suitable building or buildings to be erected on the treated in the matter of space when Government exhibit, including a suitathe quarter of a million dollars for ble building for an exhibit of the United States Life-Saving Service, the fically devoted to a Hawaiian exhibit, forestry and irrigation building herein referred to, and also cause to be erected a suitable building or buildings on said site for the use of the district of Alaska, the Territory of Hawaii, the Philippine Islands, and also oriental comparatively trifling. There is a fair- and oceanic countries that may desire an exhibit of their products and resources at said exposition."

The section goes on to provide an appropriation of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000) for the ation of grounds therefor and the lighting thereof, also for the disposition of the structures at the close of the exposition. At least one distinct building is to be for forestry and irrigation exhibits, as a reference in the

On its own part, the United State Government will have an exhibit part ly selected from that now at St. Louis. The Act provides for drawing from the treasures of the Smithsonian Instituto enrich the national display at Portland. Hawaii, as already shown, has the privilege of restling right under the wing of the American eagle, s ness men and consumers there just that the isolation of the Territory what Hawailan products might, with which the St. Louis management a adequate transportation facilities, be times threatened, during negotiations placed in that market for exchange for a site carried on by our authoriwith the lumber, grain and manufac- ties, is rendered entirely impossible.

D. L.

HOW THE JAPANESE WON THE BATTLE OF VAFANGOW F. C. Smith, Geo. P. Denison, C. W. Case Deering, D. W. Anderson, Michael

LIAO YANG, June 18,-(Delayed in General Nodzu poured in fresh troops transmission.)-The Japanese con- regiment after regiment. tinued to press the Russian forces remonth for thirty months, or until his turning from the battle of Vafangow his reserve and retired in order. on the night of June 16th. They had remained at Vafangow all day and at tried to get around the Russian right using lydite and sweeping the whole wing, which had borne the brunt of battlefield. The Japanese suffered night rendering the roads almost impassable.

Further details of the fighting on June 15th show that the Russian advance on the Japanese position, when it was hoped that Lieutenant-General Stakelberg would drive back General Nodzu's army, was a most brilliant affair. Soon after dawn the Japanese were discovered in strong force clear the hill. They had a little over a mile of open country to cross, their only cover being two small hills and claims, is marvelously effective,

The Russian commander saw that he was being enveloped and railied

SIMUCHEN (Manchuria), June 20.night persistently pushed forward and of Vafangow included heavy siege guns The Japanese artillery at the battle such heavy fighting the previous day. tremendous losses in turning the Russian right, one battalion of the Twenty-sixth Rebiment being annihilated. The hospital station at Vafangow was repeatedly struck by the enemy's shells, by the Judiciary department clerks. which mutilated the Russian wounded. NO SOLDIERS COULD WITHSTAND JAPANESE.

NEWCHWANG, June 20.-A Russian officer who was wounded in the battle on a at Vafangow (Tellssu) told a press corhill north of Dyaiwo. The infantry respondent that the losses on both sides was well intrenched and supported were severe. He places the Russian by artillery. The Russian left was casualties at the least as 7000. He says thrown forward, with reserves, to no soldiers in the world could withstand the Japanese as they have been fighting lately. Their artillery fire, he

Suyematzu spoke by authority, and the American Embassy is disinclined to discuss the matter, and to suggest that if a mediator is wanted, the United States fulfills the condition prescribed by Baron Suyematza.

EASTERN STARS ENJOY

The moonlight excursion and dance which was given Tuesday evening at Pearl Harbor by Leahi Chapter No. 2 Order of the Eastern Star, was a grea success. The special train left the depot at 7:30 with a jolly party of about two hundred Eastern Stars and their friends on board.

The pavilion was handsomely decorated with Japanese lanterns and presented a beautiful sight as the train neared the harbor. The Ellis Quintette Club furnished the music for dancing and dainty refreshments were served throughout the evening.

At 11:30 the train left for Honolulu and on arrival was met by special electric cars. The pavilion at the water's edge is certainly an ideal spot for an affair of this kind and many expressed a wish to enjoy such another evening shortly, as the Eastern Stars certainly know how to entertain.

EX-GOVERNOR BAKER VISITING THE CITY

Col. John T. Baker, the last Governor of the Island of Hawaii under the monarchy, is in town as a witness in one of the Parker Ranch suits. He says that ranching at waimea, in which he is now engaged, agrees with him splendidly and he does look as if it did. Yesterday he met a former colleague of the Legislature of 1890 and another acquaintance of that time both at once at the front of the Judiciary building, which caused him to remark on the few old friends he met since his arrival last Saturday.

"Just one yesterday, and you two today," he said as his stalwart frame shook with boyish mirth. Then he repeated a piece of raillery which he uttered in English at the close of a long native barangue in the Legislature one day, and his former colleague laughed neartlly as he said he remembered the incident. The other old friend, though not a member of the Legislature, was the sally when it was uttered, for it late Paul Neumann under Mr. Baker's

There are few Hawalians today who ook to be chiefs on the model of the older time, imposing in physique and period. The results of this work are commanding in demeanor, so strikingly s does Col. Baker. His late brother, Robert Hoapili Baker, a Governor of Kelley was the appointed news medi-Mani, was the model for the Kameha-

GOLFING MATTERS

Entries for the medal handicap golf competition on the Haleiwa links on July 4 are as follows:

B. G. Holt, C. A. Brown, Dr. A. S. Knudsen, W. T. Rawlins, Byron K. Baird, Geo. H. Angus, Dr. A. C. Wall, Jamieson, Allan Dunn, Judge Archie Mahaulu, E. M. Boyd, F. J. Church, S. H. Derby, Prince David Kawananakoa, B. J. Rittenhouse, W. W. Thayer, F. C. Sheldon, George Brown, Welb Beggs, Horace Mahaulu, John S. Orme, Horace Johnson, Dr. Hubert Wood, G. S. Leithead, B. K. Ellsworth, W. M. Bu-

It is expected that the Manoa Valley Club's course will be ready for playing by July II. A deal is about concluded for a club house. There is room for a few more members in the club.

Warrants for the pay of jurors for the month of June are now being issued They are already registered.

Eastman's **KODAKS**

FILMS The Latest Dates

> Seeds Dry Plates and Photographic Materials

of every description.

DEVELOPING and PRINTING A Bpecialty,

Good Work Guaranteed

Hollister Drug Co.

FORT STREET.

CHANGES

MOONLIGHT DANCING Some Clerks Step Out While Others Take New Places.

At the close of office hours yesterday. Harry E. Murray retired from the Public Works clerkship that he had held for fourteen months. In the position he was popular with people doing business with the department, having always been attentive and courteous at the public counter. A strong evidence of the esteem of citizens held by him was furnished by Mr. Murray's election as county clerk under the County Act that happened to be void. His retirement is caused solely by the cutting down of the department's clerical staff in the scheme of economy ratifled by the Legislature in special session Mr. Murray will attend to his carriagemaking business,

Plerre Jones, who served for several years as clerk in the engineering division of the Public Works department, retired from the same cause, he having always given satisfaction to the successive heads of the division, about a week ago,

M. T. Lyons, who retired from the position of bookkeeper in the Treasurer's office when the reduction of staff took place there recently, will be commissioned as chief clerk in the Land office succeeding Stephen Mahaulu, whenever he furnishes a bond in \$15,-000 required by Commissioner Pratt, He has been employed on the Land office books since leaving his former position,

Henry Peters will succeed S. K. Kamajopili as land patent clerk.

Miss Kate Kelley, whose resignation of the chief clerkship in the Secretary's office was tendered to take effect yesterday, remains at her desk a matter of ten days more to complete records. Her successor will not be authoritathe only one present who understood lively announced at present. Miss Kelley was confidential stenographic clerk was directed at himself and borrowed to President Dole under the Republic from a story told at his expense by the of Hawaii and with the starting of the Territory passed by an easy transition into the office of the Secretary, where she was chief of a considerable staff that compiled the archives for a long to be seen in shelves full of typewritten volumes bound and back-titled. um between the old executive council and the press reporters, in which capacity her courtesy and intelligent assistance are gratefully remembered by those of the old guard still on deck.

ARE FLOURISHING FOR PUBLIC CONTRACTS

Geo. H. Childs, 60 days\$1,996.00
F. H. Redward, 35 days 1,565.00
Thos. L. Andrews, 55 days 1,562.50
Jared G. Smith, 90 days 1,500.00
J. A. Aheong, 40 days 1,500.00
H. F. Bertelmann, 45 days 1,497.00
Henry Defries, 30 days 1,474.00
Ira Eskew, 45 days 1,455.00
Road from Kipapa to Waikakalaua,

Onhu: C. B. Dwight, 140 days......\$19,940.00

Wilson & Duggan, 180 days.... 14,800.00 A. A. Wilson, 100 days........ 12,950.00 L. M. Whitehouse, 180 days... 11,955.00 Tenders for public works involving an aggregate expenditure of nearly \$20,000 on this island were opened at the Public Works Department yester-

day. For two buildings at the Federal Experiment Station, donated by the Territory, Jared G. Smith, director of the station, put in bids. It will be noticed, in the figures below, that the bidding for a fireproof structure was close while that for both a cottage and a road was wide: Fireproof offices, laboratory, etc.,

Hawaii Experiment Station: J. A. Aheong, 75 days, \$3450; concrete, \$3750. Geo. H. Childs, 90 days, \$3030; con-

crete \$3817. Jared G. Smith, 120 days, concrete, \$3000. F. H. Redward, no time stated, \$2955;

concrete, \$3554. H. F. Bertelmann, 120 days, \$2760, Wm, T. Paty, 65 days, \$2530; concrete BIII00.

Chemist's cottage, Hawaii Experiment Station:

SUMMER COMPLAINT IS the chil-

tren's most dangerous enemy and the mother's most dreaded for: Irumediate and proper treatment is always made sary. Chamberlain's Coile, Cholera and Diarrhous Remedy, siven according to directions, is the most effectual remedy known. For sole by all dealers and druggests desired, finith & the. Ltd., agents for Hawaii. ***

Elmer Persy, on other on the steamer Armonic has three sugars erashed to the machinery of the vessel posterier the was taken to the Guerr's Bregutal and had one of his Rugery amputains.